31 Private Duty Nursing

The purpose of the Private Duty Nursing Program is to provide payment for quality, safe, cost-efficient skilled nursing care to Medicaid recipients who require a minimum of four consecutive hours of continuous skilled nursing care per day. Skilled nursing care is defined as prescribed care that can only be provided by a licensed Registered Nurse (RN) or Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) which is medically necessary to treat or ameliorate medical conditions identified as a result of an EPSDT screening. Medicaid recipients who do not meet the medical necessity requirements for the Private Duty Nursing Program have access to a variety of nursing and related community services. The Agency will make referrals to the appropriate programs based on the level of care needed.

Added: The purpose of the...based on the level of care needed.

A private duty-nursing agency is a public agency, voluntary non-profit organization, or proprietary agency that provides a minimum of four hours per day of continuous skilled nursing care in the recipient's home. Recipients eligible for in-home private duty-nursing services may be considered for services when normal life activities take the recipient outside the home.

The recipient must be under age 21 years of age and referred as the result of an EPSDT screening.

NOTE:

Providers of private duty nursing services under the Technology Assisted (TA) Waiver for Adults should refer to the Alabama Medicaid Provider Manual, Chapter 107 for policy provisions.

The policy provisions for private duty-nursing providers can be found in the *Alabama Medicaid Agency Administrative Code*, Chapter 11.

31.1 Enrollment

EDS enrolls private duty-nursing providers and issues provider contracts to applicants who meet the licensure and/or certification requirements of the state of Alabama, the Code of Federal Regulations, the *Alabama Medicaid Agency Administrative Code*, and the *Alabama Medicaid Provider Manual*.

Refer to Chapter 2, Becoming a Medicaid Provider, for general enrollment instructions and information. Failure to provide accurate and truthful information or intentional misrepresentation might result in action ranging from denial of application to permanent exclusion.

Provider Number, Type, and Specialty

A provider who contracts with Medicaid as a private duty-nursing provider is issued a eight-character Medicaid provider number that enables the provider to submit requests and receive reimbursements for nursing-related claims.

NOTE:

All eight characters are required when filing a claim.

Private duty-nursing providers are assigned a provider type of 38 (Private duty-nursing). The valid specialty is Private duty-nursing (P6).

Enrollment Policy for Nursing Providers

Private duty-nursing providers enroll as EPSDT only. Only in-state private duty-nursing providers and out-of-state providers within 30 miles of the state line qualify for participation in the Medicaid program. Private duty-nursing providers must have a RN on staff.

31.2 Benefits and Limitations

Deleted: Nursing services are...private duty-nursing provider.

Deleted: If Medicaid criteria...submitted to Medicaid

Added: Additionally, the recipient must...skilled nursing care.

Deleted: Requirements for Recipients

Added: Qualified Caregiver

Deleted: and community, extraordinary, The recipient must...following specific components.

Added: The primary caregiver...for PDN will occur.

Added: capable of and, to assist in the provision of

Deleted: and fully able, in life threatening situations...ensure medical safety.

Deleted: proven capability in performing medical and nursing tasks

Deleted: The primary care physician...provide primary care.

Deleted: Essential equipment must...recipient attends.

This section describes program-specific benefits and limitations. Refer to Chapter 3, Verifying Recipient Eligibility, for general benefit information and limitations.

Nursing services must be prescribed as medically necessary by a licensed physician as a result of an EPSDT screening referral, based on the expectation that the recipient's medical needs are adequately and safely met in the home.

The EPSDT screening is valid for up to one year. If the need for services continues beyond the valid date, a new EPSDT screening is required.

All private duty-nursing services require prior authorization. Additionally, the recipient must be under 21 years of age to qualify and must be Medicaid eligible. The recipient must require skilled nursing care which exceeds the caregiver's ability to care for the recipient without the assistance of at least four consecutive hours of skilled nursing care.

Qualified Caregiver

Major commitment on the part of the recipient's family is mandatory to meet the recipient's needs. The primary caregiver must sign the *Private Duty Nursing Agreement for Care* form agreeing to participate in and complete training. Additional caregivers identified for training must be indicated on the *Private Duty Nursing Agreement for Care* form. In the event that multiple caregivers exist, an adjustment in the hours approved for PDN will occur.

- The family must have at least one member capable of and willing to be trained to assist in the provision of care for the recipient in the home.
- The family must provide evidence of parental or family involvement, and an appropriate home situation (for example, a physical environment and geographic location for the recipient's medical safety).
- Reasonable plans for emergencies (such as power and equipment backup for those with life-support devices) and transportation must be established.

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Hours Allowed For Continuation of Private Duty Nursing Services Under the Following Circumstances:

- Temporary Illness: Private Duty Nursing Hours may be provided if the primary caregiver is incapacitated for a period up to 90 days due to illness and there is no other trained caregiver available in the home. Temporary illness includes a required surgical procedure due to illness/disease, an illness which would be a danger to the child because of contagion, or an illness which is debilitating for a limited period. Medical documentation from the caregiver's attending physician is required. The number of hours approved is dependent upon the specific circumstances.
- Patient at Risk: Private duty nursing hours may be approved if the patient appears to be at risk of abuse, neglect, or exploitation in the domestic setting and a referral for investigation has been made to the appropriate state agency. The number of hours approved is dependent upon the specific circumstances.
- Sleep: Private duty nursing hours may be provided up to eight hours depending on the situation of the primary care giver. For example, a single parent with no other family support may be granted a full eight hours while two parents serving as primary caregivers may require fewer hours or only hours on an occasional basis.
- Work: Private duty nursing hours provided will be up to the number of hours that the primary caregiver is at work plus one hour travel time. If additional travel time is needed beyond one hour, documentation must be provided to justify the increase. A Private Duty Nursing Verification of Employment/School Attendance form providing documentation of work hours must be completed.
- School: Private duty nursing hours provided will be up to the number of hours that the primary caregiver is attending class plus one hour travel time. If additional travel time is needed beyond one hour, documentation must be provided to justify the increase. A current course selection guide published by the school, validated class schedule from school, curriculum guide and transcripts of previous courses taken must be provided. The coursework must be consistent with the requirement for obtaining a GED, college degree, or some other type of certification for employment. Courses selected must follow a logical approach with class hours being taken one after the other unless the course has been indicated by school officials as "closed".

NOTE:

The private duty-nursing program does not cover recipients receiving skilled nursing care through the home health program. Nursing care covered by Medicaid in both programs would result in duplicate reimbursements.

Added: Hours Allowed For Continuation of Private Duty Nursing Services Under the Following Circumstances:

Added: NOTE

Added: <u>and at least...has</u> <u>been identified.</u>

Added: requisites
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one of the diagnosis criteria
are
Added: is

Added: requisites
Deleted: conditions and any one of the diagnosis criteria

Deleted: Home Health Certification... by the physician.

Deleted: Medical Update and...by the physician.

Deleted: Private dutynursing Acceptance form

Deleted: Any additional physician orders

Deleted: Conditions
Added: requisites
Deleted: conditions

Added: <u>Continuation of nursing...the necessary</u> care.

Added: required for a...a minimum of, and require monitoring and treatment by Deleted: eovered will be a minimum, requiring, for monitoring and treatment, conditions

Added: requisites

NOTE:

Any private duty nursing hours approved will be reduced by the number of hours of care which are provided or are available from other resources. In the event a child eligible for Medicaid is already attending or plans to attend public school, the case manager should contact the Special Education Coordinator within the appropriate school district to request that the child's Individual Education Program (IEP) committee meet to determine the student's need for related services. The names and contact information for the coordinators are on the education website at www.alsde.edu. The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) guarantees every child the right to a free, appropriate public education and related services in the least restrictive environment. The case manager may be asked to be part of the client's IEP team to facilitate the coordination of necessary related services. Related services needed in the school that are the same as services provided in the home should be closely coordinated. For example, a child needing nursing services should be evaluated and recommended for the appropriate level of care to ensure no break in services if services previously provided by Medicaid are subsequently provided by the school district. For children attending public school, the number of approved hours may be modified during the summer months and school breaks.

31.2.1 Criteria for Non-Ventilator-Dependent Recipients

High technology non-ventilator-dependent recipients may qualify for private duty-nursing services if they meet either of the following criteria and at least one qualified caregiver has been identified:

- Any one of the primary requisites is present.
- Two or more secondary requisites are present.

Primary Requisites

The following primary requisites are qualifying criteria for nursing recipients:

- Tracheotomy Coverage up to four months for acute (new) tracheotomy
 with up to an additional two months with documentation of continuing
 acute problems. Continuation of nursing services may be approved after
 initial certification for those periods of time when the primary caregiver is
 away from the home for work or school or otherwise unable to provide the
 necessary care.
- Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) Coverage up to two months for acute phase with additional certification based upon the need for continuing therapy
- Intravenous Therapy Coverage up to two months for a single episode.
 The number of hours required for a single infusion must be at least four
 continuous hours and require monitoring and treatment by a skilled nurse.
 Additional hours may also be approved for secondary criteria requisites
 listed below in conjunction with the primary criteria requisites.

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Secondary Requisites

Any two secondary requisites are qualifying criteria for nursing recipients

- Decubitus ulcers coverage for stage three or four ulcers
- Colostomy or ileostomy care coverage for new or problematic cases
- Suprapubic catheter care coverage for new or problematic cases
- Internal nasogastric or gastrostomy feedings coverage for new or problematic cases

31.2.2 Criteria for Ventilator-Dependent Recipients

Ventilator dependent recipients may qualify for private duty-nursing services if any one of the primary requisites is present and at least one qualified caregiver has been identified.

Primary Requisites

Any of the following primary requisites are qualifying criteria for nursing recipients:

- Mechanical ventilator support is necessary for at least six hours per day and attempted weaning is in progress at least weekly.
- Frequent ventilator checks are necessary. Frequent ventilator checks are defined as daytime versus nighttime setting changes, weaning in progress, or parameter checks a minimum of every eight hours with subsequent ventilator setting changes.
- Oxygen supplementation for ventilator dependent recipients is at or below an inspired fraction of 40 percent (Fi02 of 0.40).

31.2.3 Scope of Services

This section lists the scope of services provided by professional nurses and licensed practical nurses.

Registered Nurse Services (RN)

A registered nurse employed by a Medicaid-enrolled private duty-nursing agency may provide continuous skilled nursing services to the recipient if a licensed physician prescribes the services and Medicaid grants prior authorization.

The RN completes an in-home assessment to determine if services may be safely and effectively administered in the home. The registered nurse establishes a nursing care plan complying with the plan of treatment.

The RN must make monthly supervisory visits to evaluate the appropriateness of services rendered by a licensed practical nurse (LPN). An RN must be on call 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Added:
Requisites
Deleted:
Conditions
Added:
requisites
Deleted:
conditions

Deleted: Diagnosis Criteria

Deleted:
conditions
Added:
requisites
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any
one...criteria
are
Added: is, and
at least...been
identified.

Added:
Frequent
ventilator
checks...setting
changes.

Deleted: (Daytime versus nighttime...on pulmonary complexity).

Deleted: Diagnosis Criteria

Licensed Practical Nurse Services (LPN)

The LPN may provide continuous skilled nursing services for the recipient if a licensed physician prescribes the services and Medicaid grants prior authorization. The LPN works under the supervision of the RN.

The RN evaluates the recipient and establishes the plan of care prior to assigning recipient services to the LPN.

The Medicaid program requires that the RN on a monthly basis provides direct or indirect supervisory visits of the LPN in the home of each recipient the LPN serves. Direct supervisory visits are made by the RN to observe the appropriateness of LPN services when the LPN is present. Indirect supervisory visits are made by the RN to observe the appropriateness of LPN services when the LPN is not present.

31.2.4 Documentation of Services

The private duty-nursing agency is responsible for establishing and maintaining a permanent medical record for each recipient including the following:

- Home Health Certification and Plan of Care form (HCFA-485) for certification and re-certification signed by the physician
- Medical Update and Patient Information form (HCFA-486) signed by the physician
- Private duty-nursing Acceptance form
- EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 167) or Patient 1st EPSDT Referral for Services (Form 345)
- Any additional physician orders
- Signature log with dates, duration of visits, types of service, and signature
 of the RN/LPN and the caregiver (a copy must be provided to the
 recipient or recipient's representative).
- Continuous progress reports
- Documentation of in-home RN visits to supervise the LPN

Medical records shall be retained for at least three years plus the current year.

Plan of Care

A plan of care must be developed and submitted with each request for service documenting the extent of nursing needs. Each professional participating in the recipient's care must carefully review the recipient's status and needs. Each discipline must formulate goals and objectives for the recipient and develop daily program components to meet these goals in the home. This plan must also include the following:

Designation of a home care service coordinator

Added: service documenting the...nursing needs.
Deleted: private duty-nursing...of the recipient.

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- Involvement of a primary care physician with specific physician orders for medications, treatments, medical follow-up, and medical tests as appropriate
- Family access to a telephone
- A plan for monitoring and adjusting the home care plan
- A defined backup system for medical emergencies
- A plan to meet the educational needs of the recipient
- A clearly shown planned reduction of private duty hours
- Criteria and procedures for transition from private duty-nursing care, when appropriate

At each certification, the care plan will be denied, approved, or returned to request additional information. The recipient should transition to the most appropriate care when the recipient no longer meets the private duty-nursing criteria. The most appropriate care may be home care services, nursing facility placement, or the Home and Community Based Waiver Program.

31.2.5 Non-Covered Private Duty Nursing Services

When the recipient does not meet the medical need and diagnosis criteria or does not require at least four consecutive hours of continuous skilled nursing care per day, Medicaid will not cover private duty-nursing services.

Medicaid does not provide private duty-nursing services under the following circumstances:

Added: under Deleted: for Added: circumstances

- Observational care for behavioral, eating disorders, or for medical conditions that do not require medically necessary intervention by skilled nursing personnel
- Services not prescribed to treat or improve a condition identified as a result of an EPSDT screening
- Custodial, sitter, and respite services
- · Services after the recipient is admitted to a hospital or a nursing facility
- Services after the recipient is no longer eligible for Medicaid

If the provider fails to comply with agency rules and program policies, Medicaid may recoup payments and terminate the provider contract.

Please refer to the *Alabama Medicaid Agency Administrative Code*, Chapter 11, for detailed policy information.

31.3 Prior Authorization and Referral Requirements

All private duty-nursing services require prior authorization. Refer to Chapter 4, Obtaining Prior Authorization, for general guidelines.

Private duty-nursing providers are required to submit to EDS the following forms for consideration of authorization for services:

- Alabama Prior Review and Authorization Request form
- EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 167) or Patient 1st EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 345)
- Home Health Certification and Plan of Care form (HCFA-485) for certification and recertification signed by the physician.
- Medical update and Patient Information form (HCFA-486) signed by the physician
- Private duty-nursing Acceptance form
- Any additional physician orders

When filing claims for recipients enrolled in the Patient 1st Program, refer to Chapter 39, Patient 1st Billing Manual to determine whether your services require a referral from the Primary Medical Provider (PMP).

The EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 167) or Patient 1st EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 345) is valid for one year from date of screening. If the recipient continues to be approved for services beyond the one year screening date, a new EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 167) or Patient 1st EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 345) indicating the current screening date and appropriate information must be submitted.

Re-certification

Every three months, documentation must be submitted to EDS to support the need for continuation of private duty-nursing services. Providers must submit re-certification requests to EDS **at least** 14 days prior to the re-certification due date. Re-certifications not received timely will be approved when criteria are met based on date of receipt. The request for re-certification will be approved or denied based on Medicaid criteria. EDS denies claims for services rendered after the cancellation date.

31.4 Cost Sharing (Copayment)

Copayment does not apply to services provided by private duty-nursing providers.

Added: when criteria are met based on date of receipt
Deleted: effective on the date of receipt

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31.5 Completing the Claim Form

To enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of Medicaid processing, providers are encouraged to bill Medicaid claims electronically.

Private duty-nursing providers who bill Medicaid claims electronically receive the following benefits:

- Quicker claim processing turnaround
- Immediate claim correction
- Enhanced online adjustment functions
- Improved access to eligibility information

Refer to Appendix B, Electronic Media Claims Guidelines, for more information about electronic filing.

NOTE:

When filing a claim on paper, a UB-92 claim form is required. When completing the UB-92, enter type of bill 331. Medicare-related claims must be filed using the Institutional Medicaid/Medicare Related Claim Form.

This section describes program-specific claims information. Refer to Chapter 5, Filing Claims, for general claims filing information and instructions.

31.5.1 Time Limit For Filing Claims

Medicaid requires all claims for private duty nurse providers to be filed within one year of the date of service. Refer to Section 5.1.5, Filing Limits, for more information regarding timely filing limits and exceptions.

31.5.2 Diagnosis Codes

The International Classification of Diseases - 9th Revision - Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) manual lists required diagnosis codes. These manuals may be obtained by contacting the American Medical Association, P.O. Box 10950, Chicago, IL 60610.

NOTE:

ICD-9 diagnosis codes must be listed to the highest number of digits possible (3, 4, or 5 digits). Do not use decimal points in the diagnosis code field.

31.5.3 Procedure Codes

Private duty nurse providers use the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) coding system. The CPT manual lists most Medicaid required procedure codes. This manual may be obtained by contacting the Order Department,

Electronic claims submission can save you time and money. The system alerts you to common errors and allows you to correct and resubmit claims online.

American Medical Association, 515 North State Street, Chicago, IL 60610-9986.

The following revenue codes and procedure codes apply when filing claims for private duty-nursing services:

Revenue Code	Procedure Code	Description
551	S9123/Modifier EP	Private Duty Nurse/RN
551	S9124/Modifier EP	Private Duty Nurse/LPN

31.5.4 Place of Service Codes

Place of services codes do not apply when filing the UB-92 claim form.

31.5.5 Required Attachments

To enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of Medicaid processing, your attachments should be limited to the following:

Claims With Third Party Denials

NOTE:

When an attachment is required, a hard copy UB-92 claim form must be submitted.

Refer to Section 5.7, Required Attachments, for more details about these attachments.

31.6 For More Information

This section contains a cross-reference to other relevant sections in the manual.

Resource	Where to Find it	
UB-92 Claim Filing Instructions	Section 5.3	
Institutional Medicaid/Medicare-related Claim Filing Instructions	Section 5.7.2	
Electronic Media Claims (EMC) Submission Guidelines	Appendix B	
AVRS Quick Reference Guide	Appendix L	
Alabama Medicaid Contact Information	Appendix N	

Deleted: Section 5.6.2 Added: Section 5.7.2

Added:

circumstances

Deleted: Form XIX-TPD-1-76

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31.7 Local Code Crosswalk Information

NOTE:

Use "Local" procedure codes for <u>dates of service</u> through 12/31/03. Use HCPCS procedure code, with modifier(s) if applicable, for dates of service 01/01/04 and thereafter.

"Local" code thru 12/31/03	HCPCS-Modifier(s) Beginning 01/01/04	Description
S9905	S9123-EP	PDN-RN (EPSDT only, w/ PA)
S9905	S9123-U5	PDN-RN (TA Waiver)
S9908	S9124-U5	PDN-LPN (TA Waiver)
S9908	S9124-EP	PDN-LPN (EPSDT only, w/ PA)

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